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SCOPE AND GUIDELINES TO CONTRIBUTORS

Sudan Journal of Desertification Research is a peer – reviewed scientific journal to be issued biannually. Almost all research concerned with desertification, i.e. land degradation in arid, semi-arid and dry sub- humid lands is relevant for publication in this Journal. Thus, the Journal will include all studies concerning original investigations pertaining to all aspects of land degradation/desertification in these dry lands, i.e. causes, processes, impacts, monitoring, control, as well as sustainable use of these lands for agriculture, forestry and range. Consequently, papers related to desertification from various disciplines are publishable e.g., Agriculture, Forestry, Range, Geography, Meteorology, Climatology, Socio- economics, Soil science etc. Articles being considered for publication elsewhere or published previously shall not be considered.

Occasionally, invitation may be extended to outstanding research workers in specific areas to write review articles for the journal.

Material submitted for publication shall be scrutinized by peer- reviewers and edited to meet the journal's guidelines.

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Width	21.0
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Three copies of the manuscript, at least one should be original, and one set of the original illustrations should be submitted.

The main components of a paper, apart from reviews and notes should include: Title, Author(s) name (s), Abstract, Key words, Introduction, Materials and Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, References and an Arabic Abstract, on a separate sheet of paper, which should include, title of paper, author(s) name and Institution where the research was conducted. The Results and Discussion Sections may be combined. The title of each section should be in upper – case and bold. Apart from the Abstract and key words, the titles of each section should be centered. The key words should be written below the Abstract leaving one space in-between.

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The title of the article must be concise, specific and reflects contents of the article. All title word should be started by capital letters except for title components such as (the, of, and ... etc). The title should be followed by the full name(s) of the author (s), and the institution in which the work has been conducted. Academic Status and specialization of the author(s) should be given in a footnote placed at the bottom of the first page. Former graduate students should be identified as such, together with their present location if known. If the address of one or more authors is different from that of the above institution, it should be supplied in the footnote.

Abstract

The abstract should state the objectives of the study, methods, results and main conclusions. Abbreviations should not be used except for measurements (e.g. mg, cm, etc). Latin names should be written in full and in *Italics*.

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References should be listed in alphabetical order of surnames. They should include the author's surnames first, followed by initials, year of publication, title of the paper, full name of the journal or its official abbreviation, volume number and first and last page numbers of the article.

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Emerson, W.W. 1959. The structure of soil crumbs. *Journal of Soil Science* 10: 235-244.

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More than two authors

Romken, M.J.M., Roth, C.B., and Nelson, D. W. 1977. Erodibility of selected clay sub-soils in relation to physical and chemical properties. *Soil Science Society of America Journal* 41: 954-960

A Thesis

Kheir ElSeid, A.R.1998. *Wind Erosion Study in North Kordufan, El-Obeid*. A Ph.D. Thesis, University of Khartoum, Sudan.

Article in a book

Wilson, S.J., and Cooke, R.U.1980. Wind erosion. In: *Soil Erosion*, M.J.Kirby and R.P.C. Morgan (eds.), John Wiley & Sons Ltd., New York.

A Book

Morgan, R.P.C.1995. *Soil Erosion and Conservation*. 2nd Edition, Longman Group Ltd., UK.Essex, England.

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Three copies of the manuscripts should be sent to the Editor-in-Chief. All other correspondence should be addressed to the Managing Editor, Sudan Journal of Desertification Research, UNESCO Chair of Desertification Studies, University of Khartoum, Shambat, 13314, Sudan.

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